

122048 to 122152—Continued

122091. *GENTIANA TIBETICA* King. Gentianaceae. Himalayan gentian.

No. 1997. An erect perennial 18 inches high, with oblong-ovate leaves 5 to 7 inches long and small dull yellowish-white axillary flowers an inch long. Native to Tibet.

For previous introduction see 80285.

122092. *GENTIANA SIKKIMENSIS* C. B. Clarke. Gentianaceae. Gentian.

No. 1998. A decumbent perennial, native to the Sikkim Himalayas at altitudes between 10,000 and 14,000 feet. The radical leaves are orbicular and those of the stem are elliptic to oblong, and 1 inch long. The tubular, funnel-shaped blue flowers, about 1 inch long, are in headlike clusters.

For previous introduction see 102315.

122093. *HYDRANGEA ANOMALA* D. Don (*H. altissima* Wall.). Hydrangeaceae.

No. 2039. A climbing shrub up to 15 feet high, with ovate leaves 3 to 6 inches long and large corymbs of white flowers. Native to Nepal at 4,000 to 10,000 feet altitude.

For previous introduction see 114753.

122094. *HYPERICUM* sp. Hypericaceae.

No. 2020.

122095. *ILEX INSIGNIS* Hook. f. Aquifoliaceae. Holly.

No. 1919. An evergreen holly, native to the Sikkim Himalayas, where it grows at 7,000 feet altitude. It forms a small tree or shrub with thick grooved branches which are purplish when young. The dark-green, leathery leaves, 5 to 9 inches long, are armed at the margins with small spine-tipped teeth. The bright-red, oval berries are nearly one-half inch long.

For previous introduction see 102906.

122096. *Ilex* sp. Aquifoliaceae. Holly.

No. 1920. A tree much like the American holly.

122097. *IMPATIENS* sp. Impatiensaceae.

No. 2009. From high altitudes in the Sikkim mountains.

122098. *IPOMOEA* sp. Convolvulaceae.

No. 1948. A woody vine, with large cordate leaves, bearing an abundance of orange capsules 1 inch in diameter.

122099. *IRIS CLARKEI* Baker. Iridaceae.

No. 2025. From the Sikkim Himalayas.

122100. *LACTUCA* sp. Cichoriaceae.

No. 2045. Grown in the Sikkim highlands at 13,000 feet altitude.

122101. *LACTUCA MACRANTHA* Clarke. Cichoriaceae.

No. 2046. A stout perennial lettuce up to 2 feet high, with large pinnatifid leaves and loosely panicked heads of blue flowers. Native to the Sikkim Himalayas at altitudes of 10,000 to 14,000 feet.

For previous introduction see 116593.

122102. *LIGULARIA* sp. Asteraceae.

No. 1957.

122103. *LIGUSTRUM CONFUSUM* Decaisne. Oleaceae.

No. 1962. A small tree up to 40 feet high, which is one of the tropical relatives

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of the California privet (*Ligustrum ovalifolium*). The obtuse leathery leaves are about 9 inches long, and the small white flowers are in panicles 1 to 5 inches long.

For previous introduction see 116594.

122104. *LILIUM* sp. Liliaceae. Lily.

No. 2021.

122105. *LOBELIA* sp. Campanulaceae.

No. 2048. From 12,000 feet altitude in the Sikkim Highlands. Received as *Lobelia erecta*, an invalid name.

122106. *LONICERA TOMENTELLA* Hook. f. and Thoms. Caprifoliaceae. Honeysuckle.

No. 2040. Grown at 12,000 feet altitude in the Sikkim Highlands.

122107 to 122109. *MECONOPSIS* spp. Papaveraceae.

Native to the Sikkim Himalayas between 10,000 and 12,000 feet altitude.

122107. *MECONOPSIS SINUATA* Prain.

No. 2031. An annual 1 to 2 feet high, with irregularly lobed, sparsely prickly leaves and blue flowers 2 to 3 inches in diameter.

122108. *MECONOPSIS PANICULATA* (Don) Prain.

No. 2032. A tall perennial, soft-hairy throughout, with yellow flowers in lax cymes, found on the slopes of the Himalayas of western India and Tibet.

For previous introduction see 111065.

122109. *MECONOPSIS SIMPLICIFOLIA* (Don) Hook. f. and Thoms.

No. 2030. A stemless annual or biennial, native to temperate regions of northern India. The ovate-lanceolate, toothed or entire leaves, 2 to 3 inches long, are in a tufted rosette from which rise the deflexed hairy scapes, 12 to 18 inches high, bearing solitary, poppylike, clear-blue flowers 3 inches across.

For previous introduction see 102320.

122110. *DESMODIUM FLORIBUNDUM* (D. Don) G. Don. Fabaceae.

No. 1967. A woody, thickly pubescent, Himalayan plant with very copious axillary and terminal racemes of pale pink or lavender flowers.

For previous introduction see 116598.

122111. *MICHELIA EXCELSA* Blume. Magnoliaceae.

No. 1971. A tall tree, native to the temperate Himalayas of northeastern India between 5,000 and 6,000 feet altitude. The long narrow leaves are silky, brown beneath, and the handsome white flowers are from 4 to 5 inches across.

For previous introduction see 116602.

122112. *MOMORDICA CHARANTIA* L. Cucurbitaceae.

No. 2085. *Karela*. From Calcutta, January 1, 1937.

122113. *OSBECKIA NEPALENSIS* Hook. Melastomaceae.

No. 2051. An evergreen shrub, native to the Himalayas, with a rough erect stem 18 inches high, opposite, lanceolate, rigid leaves, and large purplish-rose flowers in terminal and axillary panicles or corymbs.

For previous introduction see 47744.